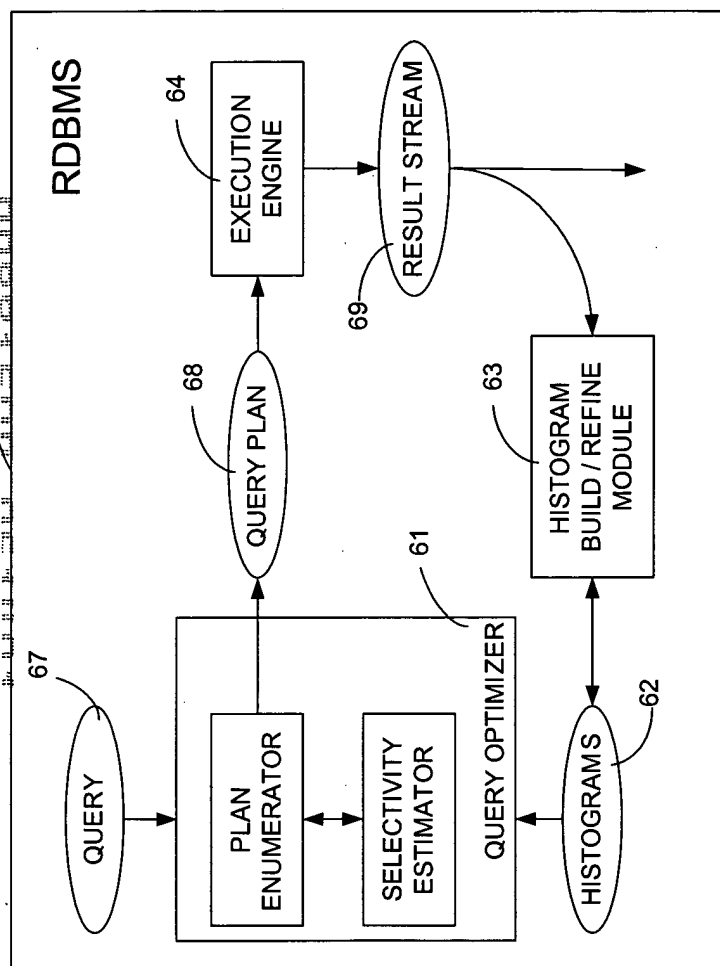


Fig.1



The diagram illustrates a hierarchical tree structure. At the top level, there are two nodes: $b1(100, \bullet)$ on the left and $b2(500, \bullet)$ on the right. Node $b1(100, \bullet)$ has two children: $b3(1000, \bullet)$ and $b4(200, \bullet)$. Node $b2(500, \bullet)$ has one child: $b4(200, \bullet)$. Below this tree, there is a reference structure labeled 62, which consists of a large rectangle containing a smaller rectangle, which in turn contains a square. Dashed arrows indicate relationships between the nodes and the reference structure: from $b1(100, \bullet)$ to the large rectangle, from $b2(500, \bullet)$ to the smaller rectangle, and from $b3(1000, \bullet)$ to the square. Solid arrows show the tree hierarchy: from $b1(100, \bullet)$ to $b3(1000, \bullet)$ and $b4(200, \bullet)$, and from $b2(500, \bullet)$ to $b4(200, \bullet)$.

Fig.3

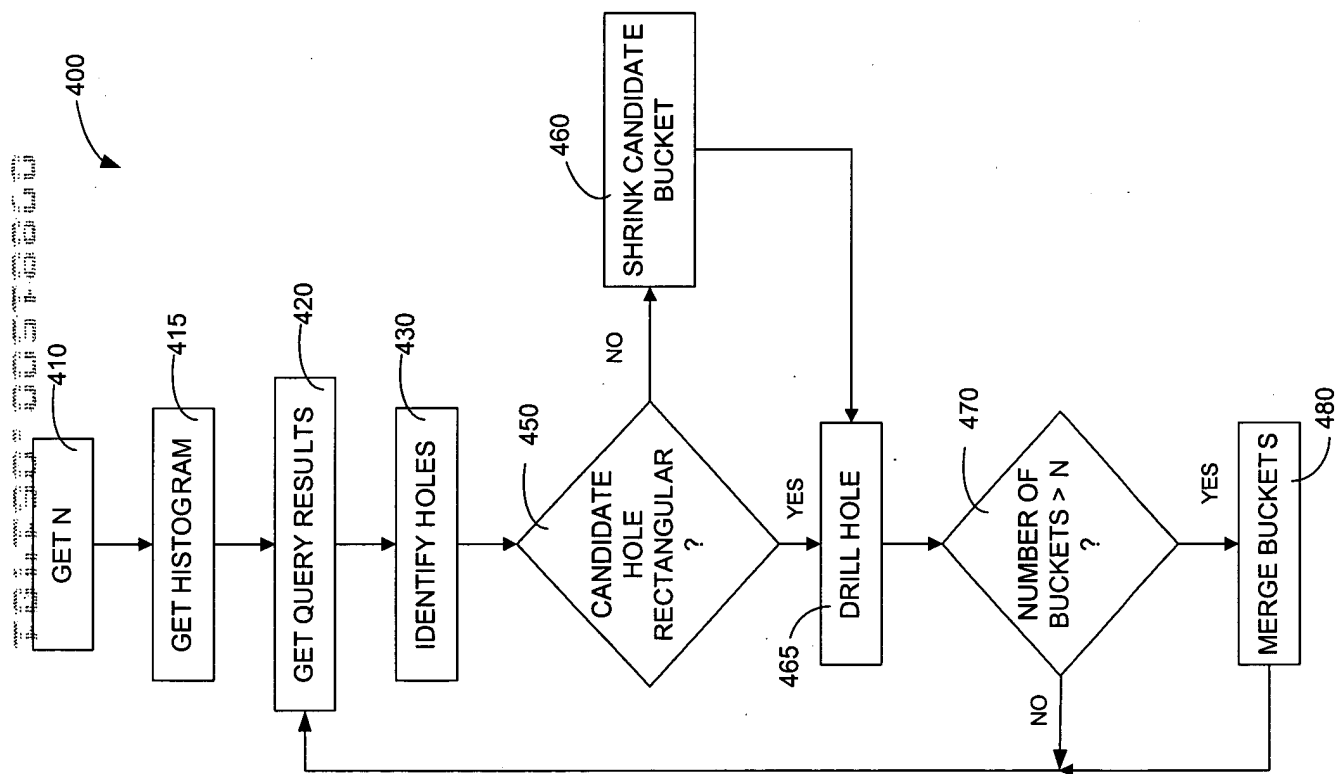


Fig.4

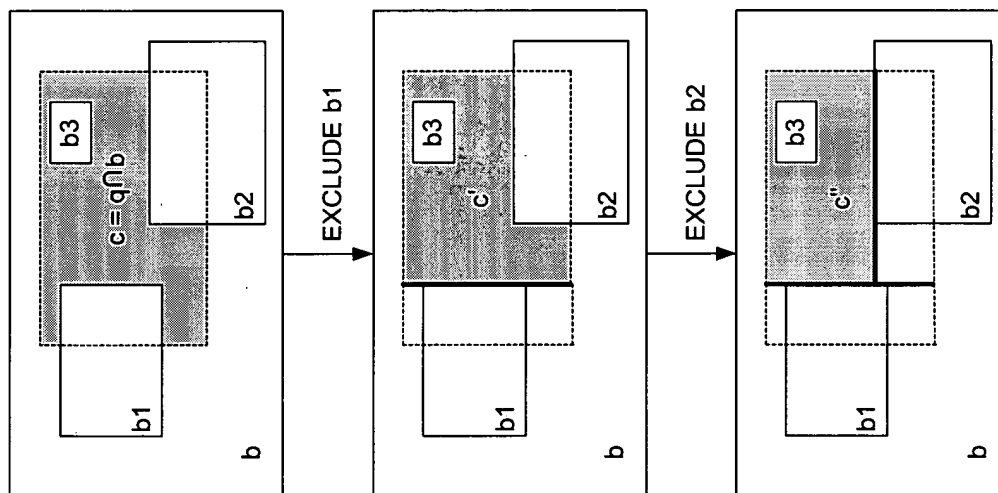


Fig. 6

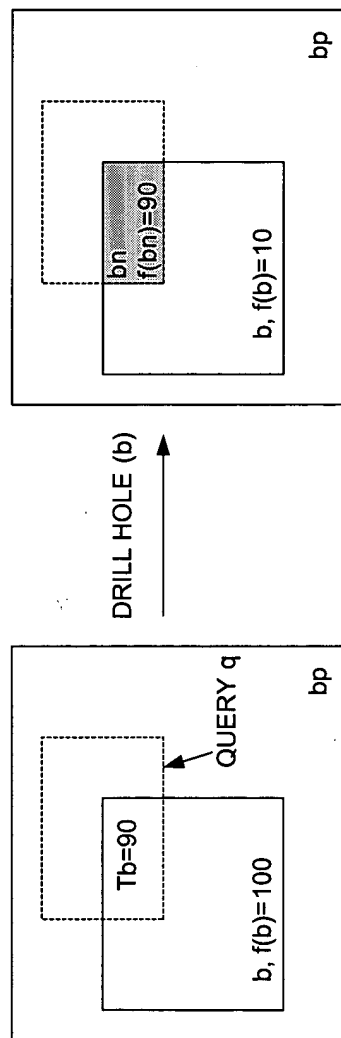


Fig.5

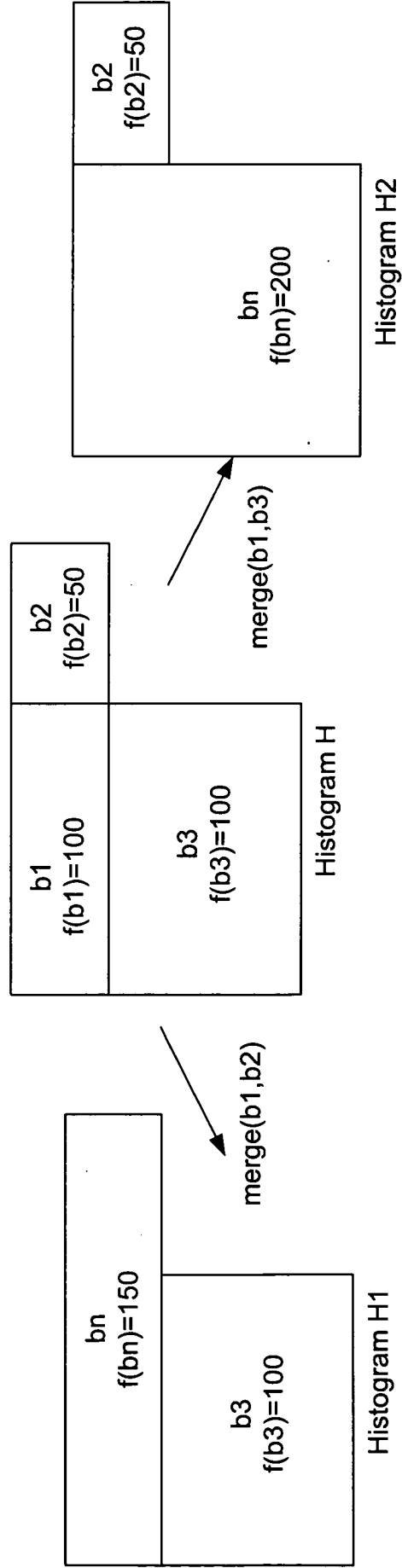


Fig. 7

